



Raffles Praslin, Seychelles - Excursion Itinerary

Day One

Morning

Curieuse Island

A 10-minute taxi boat ride from Raffles Praslin brings you to the quaint island of Curieuse, originally known as Ile Rouge (Red Isle) because of the blazing red earth found on the island. Heavily protected as part of the Marine Parks Authority and Reserve, the island is now home to a large population of giant tortoises, brought over from Aldabra in the 1980s. Visit Doctor's House – a tourist museum and educational centre, which was the former residence of the island doctor who took care of a colony of lepers residing on the island. Other favourite activities for tourists on the island include trekking along the nature trail to observe the extensive mangrove swamp and vegetation on the island, bird watching for rare species of sea and land birds or simply snorkeling in the sea to marvel at the wonders of the marine life underwater.



Afternoon

Anse Takamaka

Anse Takamaka, where Raffles Praslin, Seychelles is located, is blessed with white sandy beaches amidst a stunning backdrop of granite rock boulders. Enjoy the day with a swim in the warm crystalline water or bask in the glorious sun, under the clear blue sky.

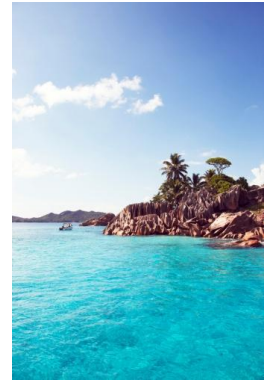




Day Two

Island Tour

Marvel in the Seychellois life and meet the friendly residents of one of the many neighbouring islands. Explore untouched beaches, secluded sights for snorkeling and swimming, or just relax on the open seas. Return for a beachside, torch lit dinner under the stars.



Day Three

La Digue Island

Experience the unhurried island life on La Digue, the third-largest granitic island of Seychelles by population, a fifteen minute ferry journey away from Praslin. Explore the island beauty on hired bicycle, or the ox cart, a traditional form of transport on the island in its earlier days. La Digue is famous for its superb beaches notably Anse Source d'Argent, for both diving and snorkeling activities. Other interesting attractions include the Union Estate where giant turtles live, cinnamon and vanilla plantations, and the production of coconut oil on the premise.





Day Four

Morning

Vallée de Mai

This UNESCO World Heritage Site is a natural habitat for the coco de mer palms probably the most iconic symbol of the Seychelles. The coco de mer-is the world's heaviest nut that grows high on palms within the forests of Vallée de Mai, and can live up to 400 years old. The protected National Park is also home to many endemic species, with the Black Parrot being one of the world's rarest birds only to be found in Seychelles. The mystical charm of Vallée de Mai, often claimed as the original Garden of Eden, makes this site a must-visit for every traveler to the Seychelles.



Afternoon

Black Pearl Farm

The Farm displays details of the pearl cultivation of the Black Lip Pearl Oyster and the breeding of the Giant Clam for export. The Farm also includes a pearl shop based on the local black pearl production.





Day Five

Morning

Deep Sea Fishing

Join the expert Anglers on board for the ultimate fishing adventure. The local fishermen have an excellent knowledge of the best sites and local fish to be found in the area....



Evening

Own Catch Dinner

Enjoy your own catch in one of our restaurants or the privacy of your villa prepared by our chefs according to your requests.



Day Six

Morning

Helicopter Tour

Craving for a bird's eye view of the Islands of the Seychelles Archipelago? Reserve a luxurious air conditioned helicopter for the best views possible of our beautiful islands.



Afternoon/ Evening

Sunset Cruise

Experience the amazing colours of the Seychelles sky at sunset, with a champagne toast, canapés, and a selection of sweet treats.





Day Seven

Aride Island Nature Reserve

Aride Island is one of the finest jewels in the Indian Ocean, and also one of the world's most important Nature Reserves. Blessed with a wealth of natural treasures, Aride has remained a wild and beautiful paradise. Managed by the Island Conservation Society of Seychelles, Aride is home to one million breeding seabirds of 18 species, endemic birds such as Magpie Robins, Fodies, Brush Warblers and Blue Pigeon; endemic plants such as Wrights Gardenia; and rich marine life with over 400 species of fish, from Whale Sharks to Flying Fish.

